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Plant Chlorophyll Content Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer/microplate reader

Catalog Number: AK0299

Size: 100T/96S

Components:

Extract: liquid $\times 1$. Required but not provided. Mix anhydrous ethanol: acetone (V: V) = 1:2 for use.

Provide a 125 mL empty bottle.

Reagent I: Powder ×1. Storage at 4°C.

Product Description

Chlorophyll is widely found in green plant tissues. It is the organelle of photosynthesis. Its content is closely related to photosynthesis and nutrition. It is an important indicator of plant growth.

The maximum absorption of chlorophyll a and b was at 645 nm and 663 nm. According to the empirical formula, the contents of chlorophyll a, chlorophyll b and total chlorophyll can be calculated.

Reagents and Equipment Required but Not Provided.

Spectrophotometer/ microplate reader, micro glass cuvette/96 well flat bottom plate (non polystyrene 96 well plate is recommended), transferpettor, balance, mortar/homogenizer, silver paper, distilled water, anhydrous ethanol and acetone.

Procedure

I. Sample preparation:

- 1. Take fresh plant leaves or other green tissues. Wash with distilled water. Absorb surface moisture. Remove the midrib Weigh about 0.1 g, cut and put into mortar or homogenizer.
- 2. Add 1 mL distilled water and a small amount of Reagent I (about 10 mg). Grind well in dark or low light. Transfer to 10 mL test tube.
- 3. Rinse the mortar with the Extract. Transfer all flushing solution into 10 mL EP tube. Use the Extract to fix the volume to 10 mL. Soak in dark or covered with tinfoil for 3 hours. When the color of the bottom tissue residue is close to white, the extraction is complete. If the tissue residue is not completely white. Continue to extract until the color of tissue residue is close to white.

II. Determination Procedure

- 1. Preheat the spectrophotometer/microplate reader for more than 30 minutes, adjust the wavelength to 645 nm and 663 nm, set the counter to zero with Extract.
- 2. Take 200 µL of the upper extract and put it into a micro glass cuvette/96 well flat-bottom plate. (if polystyrene 96 well plate is used, please complete the measurement as soon as possible within 5 min). Measure the absorbance value at 663 nm and 645 nm, recorded as A_{663} and A_{645} , respectively.





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III. Calculation of chlorophyll:

Chlorophyll a content (mg/g fresh weight)=(21.2×A₆₆₃ - 4.48×A₆₄₅)×V_E×F÷W÷1000

$$=0.01\times(21.2\times A_{663} - 4.48\times A_{645})\times F \div W$$

Chlorophyll b content (mg/g fresh weight)= $(38.2 \times A_{645} - 7.8 \times A_{663}) \times V_E \times F \div W \div 1000$

$$=0.01\times(38.2\times A_{645}-7.8\times A_{663})\times F\div W$$

Total chlorophyll content (mg/g fresh weight)= $(33.7 \times A_{645} + 13.4 \times A_{663}) \times V_E \times F \div W \div 1000$

$$=0.01\times(33.7\times A_{645}+13.4\times A_{663})\times F\div W$$

V_E: Extract volume, 10 mL;

W: Sample weight, g;

F: Dilution ratio;

Note:

- 1. Chlorophyll is sensitive to light. Grinding and extraction shall be carried out in dark or weak light as far as possible.
- 2. It must be extracted until the tissue residue turns white completely, otherwise the extraction is not sufficient.
- 3. Wash the mortar with the extract until all the green substances are transferred to the EP tube.
- 4. When the absorbance value is more than 1, it can be diluted properly; when the absorbance value is less than 0.05, the amount of V_E can be reduced properly. Pay attention to change the value of V extraction in the calculation formula.
- 5. If polystyrene 96 well plate is used for measurement, please complete the measurement as soon as possible within 5 min.

Experimental example:

Take 0. 1g of Chlorophytum, add 1 mL of distilled water and a small amount of Reagent I (about 10 mg), grind it fully in dark or weak light, and transfer it into 10 mL test tube. Then, according to the operation steps, the content of chlorophyll a $(mg/g) = 0.01 \times (21.2 \times A663 - 4.48 \times A645) \times F \div W =$ $0.01 \times (21.2 \times 0.637 - 4.48 \times 0.27) \div W = 1.23 \text{ mg/g}$; the content of chlorophyll b (mg/g) = $0.01 \times (38.2 \times A645 - 7.8 \times A663) \times F \div W = 0.01 \times (38.2 \times 0.27 - 7.8 \times 0.637) \div W = 0.53 \text{ mg/g; total}$ chlorophyll content (mg/g mass) = $0.01 \times (33.7 \times A645 + 13.4 \times A663) \times F \div W = 0.01 \times A645 + A655 + A65 + A655 +$ $(33.7 \times 0.27 + 13.4 \times 0.637) \div W = 1.76 \text{ mg/g}.$

Related Products:

AK0250/AK0241 Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate Dehydrogenase(GAPDH) Activity Assay Kit

AK0080/AK0079 Plant Carotenoid Content Assay Kit